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COMPARATIVE ASSESSMENT OF INNOVATION DEVELOPMENT IN BRICS MEMBER STATES

(GII),

(ECI)

This article presents a comprehensive comparative analysis of the innovation development of BRICS countries. The object of study is the innovation development process of the five founding BRICS member states—Brazil, Russia, India, China, and South Africa. The research covers key strategies of national innovation policies, examines the dynamics of investments in research and development (R&D), evaluates the contribution of major technology companies, and assesses the impact of international cooperation on the innovation potential of BRICS countries.

The study systematizes the main indicators of innovation development, including the Global Innovation Index (GII), the Economic Complexity Index (ECI), and others, which makes it possible to determine the position of BRICS countries in the global innovation landscape. The analysis reveals differences in the innovation strategies of BRICS nations. The findings indicate that China demonstrates rapid technological growth, relying on active state support; Russia focuses on the development of science and industry under the constraints of sanctions; India prioritizes digital transformation; Brazil strengthens biotechnological and agricultural innovations; and South Africa emphasizes sustainable development and green technologies.

The study identifies the key factors contributing to innovation development, including government support for R&D, digital transformation, venture capital attraction, and international cooperation. At the same time, it highlights major barriers that hinder technological growth, such as geopolitical restrictions, insufficient financing of innovation activities, dependence on imports of critical technologies, and regulatory complexities.

Based on the research findings, recommendations are formulated to improve BRICS' innovation policy, including the creation of a unified innovation space, coordination of patent regulation, development of financing mechanisms for technology startups, and strengthening of scientific and technological cooperation. The study shows that enhancing cooperation in the innovation sphere is a key factor in increasing the competitiveness of BRICS countries in the face of global challenges.

Keywords: BRICS, innovation policy, R&D investments, government support, international cooperation, technological development.

[8]. . . (2016)

(2012)

(2024)

(2021)

(2019), . . . , . . .
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Global Innovation Index, Economic

Complexity Index, IMD World Digital Competitiveness Ranking

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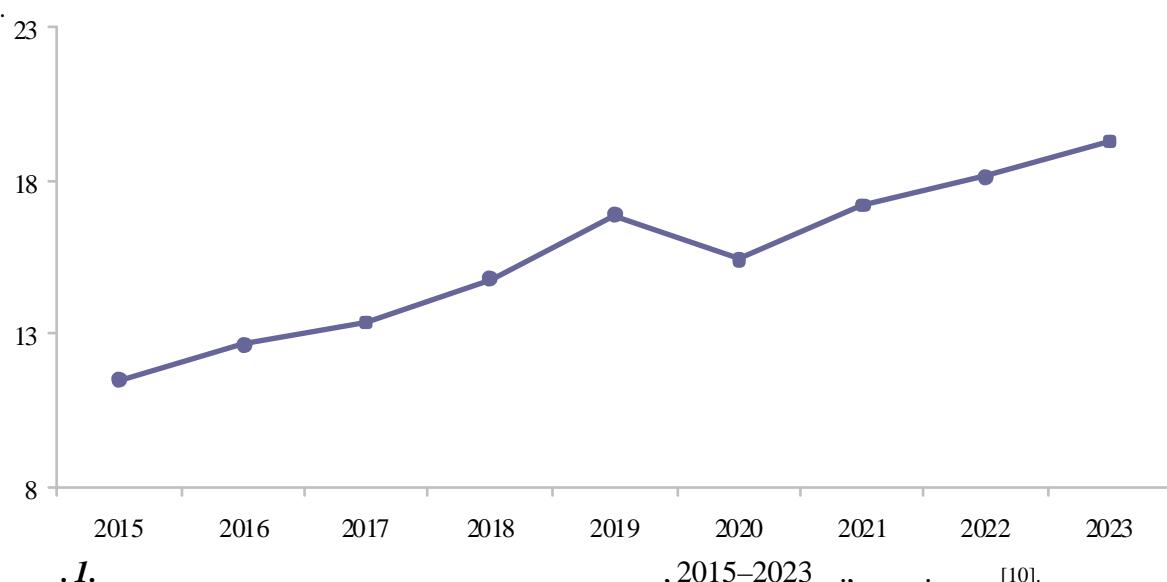
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34- , 131- , 10,6 % [10].

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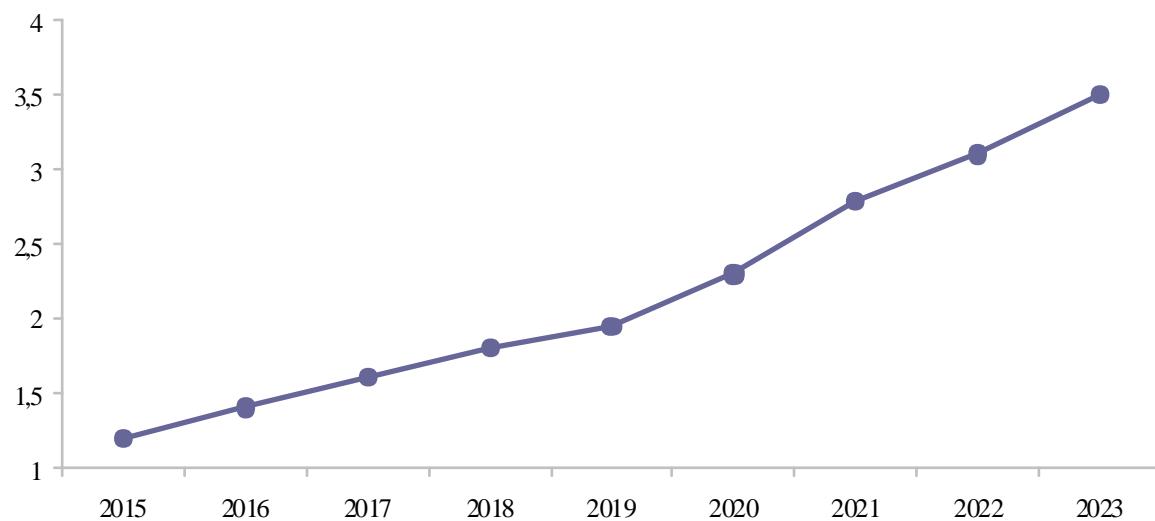
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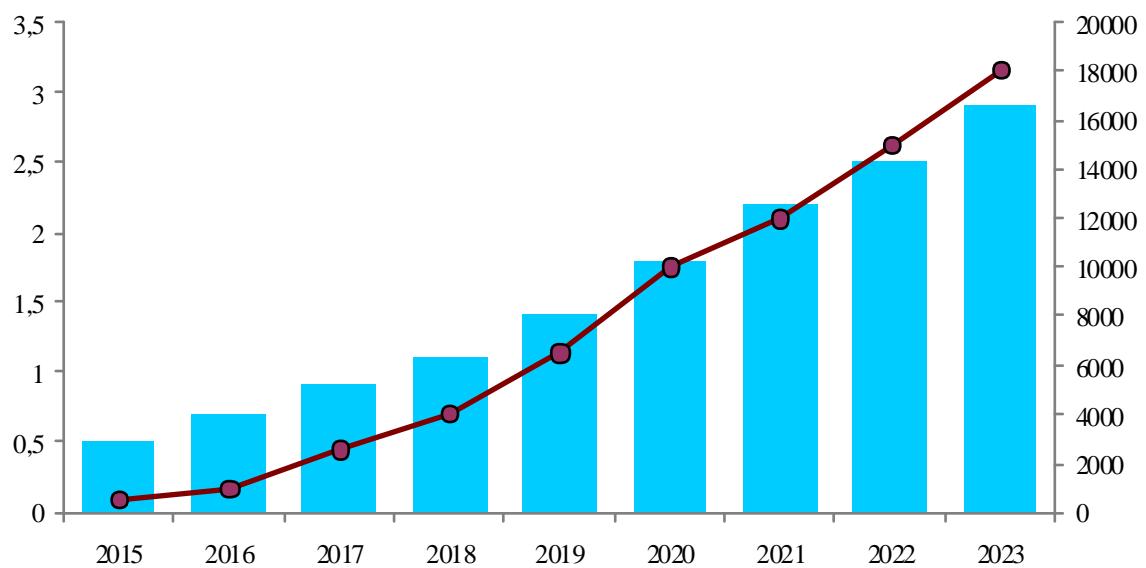
.2. , 2015–2023 . . . [16].

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[20], «Startup India»,
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.3.
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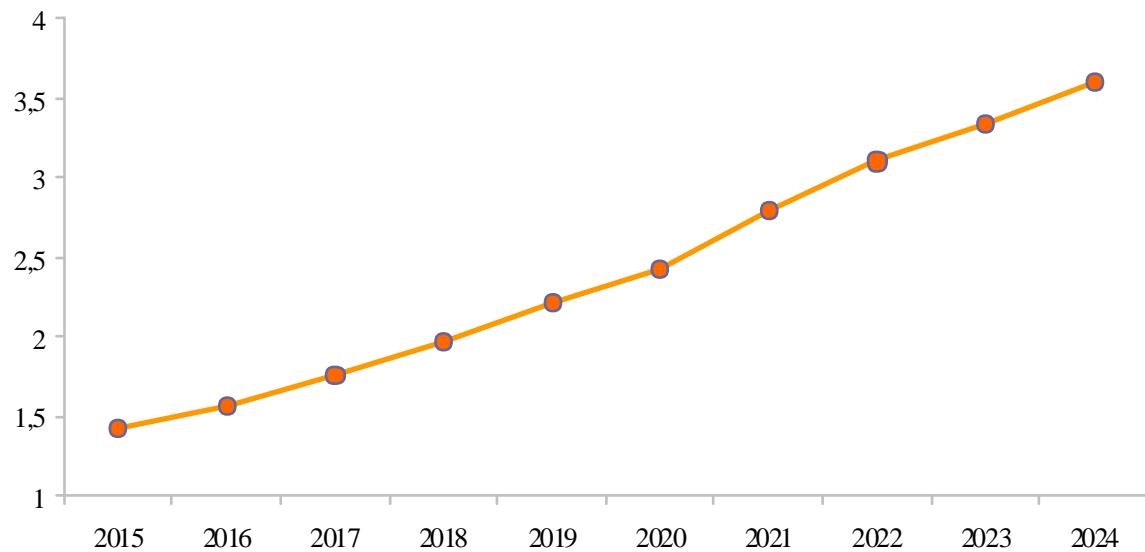
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169

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2022	12	10	2
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70 % Huawei

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		(China Academy of Science, 2022)
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		(Ministry of Industry and Information Technology, 2023)
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		(National Development and Reform Commission, 2023)
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		(China Science and Technology Exchange Center, 2022)
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		Huawei, Alibaba, Tencent. (China Economic Review, 2023)
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		(Asian Venture Capital Journal, 2023)
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		(Ministry of Education of China, 2023)
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		(National Natural Science Foundation of China, 2022)
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		(China National Intellectual Property Administration, 2023)
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		(Cyberspace Administration of China, 2023)
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		(Belt and Road Initiative, 2023)
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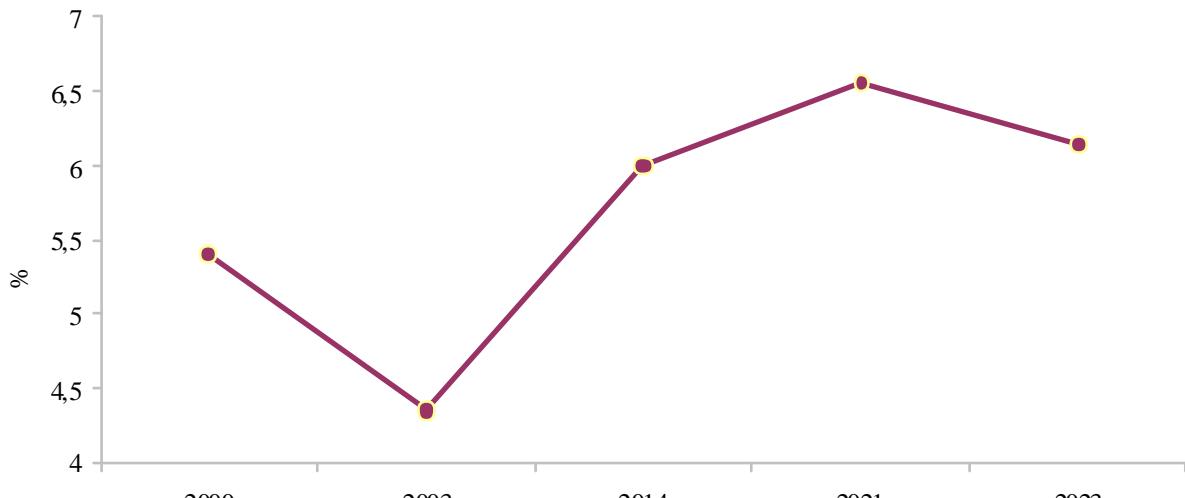
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[28],

QS World University Rankings [29]

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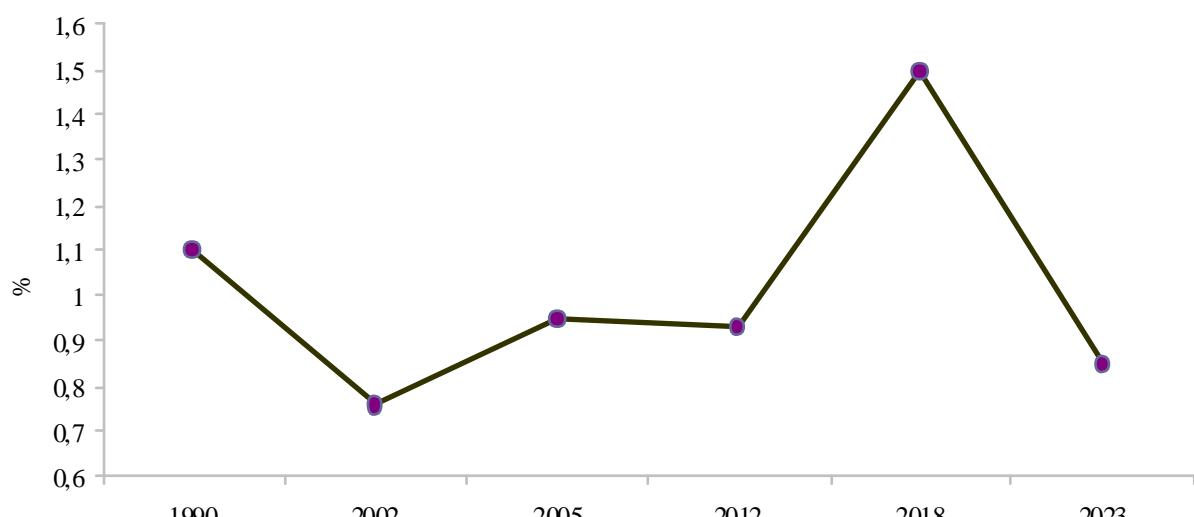
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