

« . . . »,

Sovik Inna Aleksandrovna,
 Ph.D. in Economics, Associate Professor,
 Associate Professor Department of World Economy,
 V.I. Vernadsky Crimea Federal University,
 Simferopol, Russian Federation.

THE CURRENT STATE OF THE ECONOMIES OF THE TWO COUNTRIES AS A CONDITION FOR RAPPROCHEMENT AND COOPERATION OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND CHINA

COVID-19;

2020

The relevance of the topic is due to the active development of foreign trade cooperation between Russia and China, as well as the deepening of their economic interaction. Trade and economic cooperation between countries is due to their geographical proximity, the complementarity of their economic models, as well as a number of other factors. Bilateral relations between the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China every year, gaining momentum, enter a higher level, concluding more and more significant projects for both states. Nevertheless, despite the high rates of development of Russian-Chinese relations, the potential of economic cooperation between the two countries is not fully used. The analysis carried out within the framework of this study will help to consider the existing problems and prospects for the development of cooperation between the two countries in the field of foreign trade, as well as the mutually beneficial interests of the parties in various areas of the economy.

An analysis of the current state of the economies of the two countries showed that the crisis phenomena of recent years have noticeably influenced the economy and social sphere of Russia and China. They led to a significant deterioration in the current state of the economies of the two countries. There are objective reasons for this: quarantine restrictions caused by the spread of coronavirus infection COVID-19; geopolitical tensions in the world as a whole; falling world prices for goods that are the main export for our country, namely energy carriers and raw materials; weakening of the Russian currency; slowdown in the rates of economic growth in both countries.

It should be noted that the Russian economy is less stable in crisis conditions than the Chinese economy. In 2020, China became the only major economy in the world to avoid a recession due to the coronavirus pandemic.

Keywords: Russian Federation, China, cooperation, economy, interests, pandemic, country, indicator, crisis.

... [12] ... [1], ... [2], ... [4],

)
)
)
)

)
)
)
)

1)
2)

)
)
)
)
)
)

) ; ; -
) ; ; -
 , , — , , -
 , . , , , : -
 , [14]; , .
) ; ,
)« » .
 : - , , -
 ; ; , -
 , : , , ; ; -
 , [1]. ; ; -
 , , , , , . -
 , , , , , . -
 - , . -
 , 2020 , -
 COVID-19. , -
 , 3,1 % [2]. -
 2020 -
 1. . -
 2020 — -
 , « », +.
 , + -
 — 16,3 . -
 2020 2020
 (2019 41,4 + , 2019 22,5 .
 2. , 63,9) [5].
 : 2020 71,94 64,73 -
 2019 , 2020 -
 ,

		2014 — 2016 .:	35,2 %,	
		11,1 % [6].		
3.		.	, 2020	
			32,5	
			45,9 %	89,4
		+		
(21,5 %	329,5)	(5,7 %
	240,1) [5].		
4.				
	:	-	,	-
	,	,	,	-
	,	,	,	-
	,	,	[7].	-
)	,	;	,	,
)	-	;	,	,
)	,	,	,	-
)	,	;	,	,
)	,	;	[8].	-
	,	-	,	[14]:
1.	,	,	,	-
2.	.	.	,	
3.	.	.	.	
	,	,	,	
4.	,	,	,	-
)	,	,	[3]:	,
)	-	;	,	,
)	,	;	,	,
)	,	,	,	,
	,	,	2020	,
	,	,	,	-
	,	.	.	

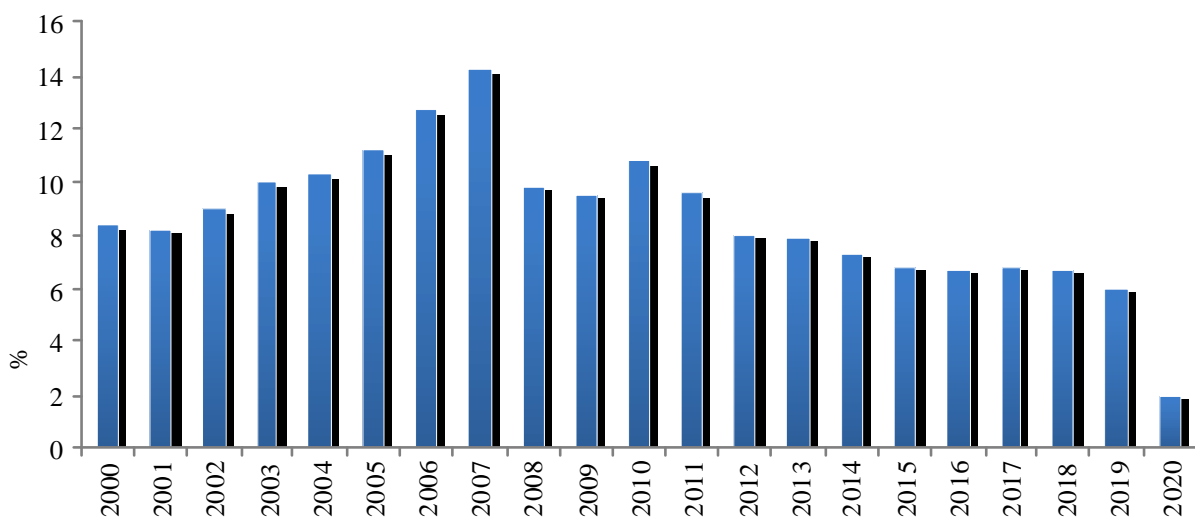
- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

[1].

80 %

(. 1).

, 2011



. I.

, %

, 2000–2020 . (

[13])

, 2019

6,1 %, 2020 — 1,9 %,

1976 .

1,6 %. [12].

, 2020

1,9 %,

2020-

[2].

COVID-19,

: 6,6 % 2017 6,2 % 2018

5,7 % 2019 .

, 1 2020 .

13,5 %

1990 .

— 6,5 %, (15,7 %), -
, , , 7,1 % [2]. -
, 22 2018 ., -
« ».-
1 2018 -
128 , 2019 :
, 2020 13
.15 -
[2]. -
2019 , COVID-19, -
, , , , -
, , , , , -
, , , , , -
, , , , , -
1. -

I. 2019–2020 .*

	2019	2020	+/-	2019	2020	+/-
	14731,81	15222,16	490,35	1702,5	1464,08	-238,42
	10522	10839	317	11601	9972	-1629,00
, %	6,1	1,9	-4,2	1,3	-4,1	-5,40
-	6,9	7,3	0,4	103,4	97,1	-6,30
, %	2,9	2,9	0	3,5	4,4	0,90
, %	3,6	3,8	0,2	4,6	6,1	1,50
	2083,06	2540,93	457,87	422,77	336,39	-86,38
	1643,99	1878,87	234,88	243,78	231,43	-12,35
, %	52,6	61,7	9,1	13,9	18,9	5,00

* [9, 10, 11]

15222,16 2020 1,9 %.

1464,08	2020	238,42	2019	11601
9972	2020		2020	1629
				10839
			2020	336,39
			2020	231,43
— 1878,87				2540,93
			1,9 %	15222,16
2020	238,42		2019	1464,08
			2020	336,39
			2020	231,43
— 1878,87				2540,93

COVID-19;

1. // —2018.—
- 2(8).— .82–92.
2. COVID 19 []/ - []/ .—2020.— 59.— .7–14.
3. []/ (. . . .), (. . . .); - « ».— ,2020.—112 . []/
4. // —2014.— 12.— .74–76.
5. I 2020 []/ : .— : www.economy.gov.ru/ (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
6. []/ : .— : oldved.kaidev.ru/ monitoring/foreign_trade_statistics/ (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
7. // .—2020.— 5.— .24–34.

8. []// : — 2018. — 3. — . 24–32. — [] :
www.rfej.ru/rvv (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
9. []// : —
: cbr.ru/statistics (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
10. []// Statistics of the UNCTAD: . —
: unctadstat.unctad.org (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
11. []// : . —
: data.worldbank.org/country/RU (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
12. []: . . . : 08.00.14/ . . . — - - , 2015. — 214 .
13. []// : . — :
www.stats.gov.cn/ (: 16.11–18.11.2021).
14. []/ . . . — : , 2017. — 37 c.

СПИСОК ЛИТЕРАТУРЫ

1. Vereshchagina, V.D. Komparativnyy analiz vneshney torgovli Rossii i Kitaya / V.D. Vereshchagina, V.A. Skvortsova // Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Povolzhskiy region. Ekonomicheskkiye nauki. — 2018. — 2(8). — S. 82–92.
2. Grigor'yev, L.V. Vliyaniye pandemii COVID 19 na ekonomiku Kitaya [Tekst] / L.V. Grigor'yev, V.S. Pavlyushina [i dr.] // Byulleten' o tekushchikh tendentsiyakh mirovoy ekonomiki; Analiticheskiy tsentr pri pravitel'stve RF. — 2020. — 59. — S. 7–14.
3. Kuz'minov, Ya.I. Rossiya v novuyu epokhu: vybor prioriteto i tseli natsional'nogo razvitiya [Tekst]: ekspert. dokl. / Ya.I. Kuz'minov (ruk. avt. kol.), P.V. Orekhin, P.N. Netreba (otv. red.); Nats. issled. un-t «Vysshaya shkola ekonomiki». — M.: Izd. dom Vysshey shkoly ekonomiki, 2020. — 112 s.
4. Karelina, Ye.A. Problemy i ogranicheniya v razvitii dvustoronnikh otnosheniy Rossii i Kitaya [Tekst] / Ye.A. Karelina // Kazanskaya nauka. — 2014. — 12. — S. 74–76.
5. O tekushchey situatsii v ekonomike Rossiyskoy Federatsii po itogam I kvartala 2020 goda [Elektronnyy resurs] / Ministerstvo ekonomicheskogo razvitiya RF: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: www.economy.gov.ru/ (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
6. Obzory vneshney torgovli Rossii [Elektronnyy resurs] / Portal vneshneekonomicheskoy informatsii Ministerstva ekonomicheskogo razvitiya Rossiyskoy Federatsii: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: oldved.kaidev.ru/monitoring/foreign_trade_statistics/ (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
7. Obolenskiy, V.P. Ekonomika i vneshnyaya torgovlya Rossii: polgoda v usloviyakh pandemii [Tekst] / V.P. Obolenskiy // Vestnik Instituta ekonomiki Rossiyskoy akademii nauk. — 2020. — 5. — S. 24–34.
8. Obolenskiy, V.P. Vneshnyaya torgovlya Rossii: priroda pod'yemov i spadov / V.P. Obolenskiy [Elektronnyy resurs] // Rossiyskiy vneshneekonomicheskii vestnik. — 2018. — 3. — S. 24–32. — Rezhim dostupa: www.rfej.ru/rvv (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
9. Statistika vneshnego sektora [Elektronnyy resurs] // Tsentral'nyy bank Rossiyskoy Federatsii: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: cbr.ru/statistics (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
10. Statistika mezhdunarodnoy torgovli [Elektronnyy resurs] // Statistics of the UNCTAD: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: unctadstat.unctad.org (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
11. Statistika po klyuchevym pokazatelyam Rossii [Elektronnyy resurs] // Vsemirnyy Bank: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: data.worldbank.org/country/RU (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
12. Sukhodolov, YA.A. Rossiysko-kitayskoye vneshnetorgovoye sotrudnichestvo kak faktor razvitiya ekonomiki Rossii [Tekst] : dis. ... d-ra ekon. nauk : 08.00.14 / YA.A. Sukhodolov. — Rostov-na-Donu, 2015. — 214 s.
13. Torgovlya Kitaya [Elektronnyy resurs] // Gosudarstvennyy statistika KNR: sayt. — Rezhim dostupa: www.stats.gov.cn/ (data obrashcheniya: 16.11–18.11.2021).
14. Sheleg, N.S. Mezhdunarodnaya torgovlya [Tekst] / N.S. Sheleg. — Moskva: Vysshaya shkola, 2017. — 37 c.

13 2021

23 2021