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SYNTHESIS OF A MODIFIED ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK BY USING ALGORITHMS OF INTERDEPENDENT DATA

The formation of the institutional foundations of institutionalism is based on forecasting and planning, improving the management of the national economy and the socio-economic development of the state. The development of a complex of issues and the deepening of economic integration takes an offensive position, this set of issues is very fleeting and requires constant research, the search for scientific justifications for the fundamental cause-effect phenomena, their interrelations and interdependencies, patterns. Determining the directions of the development of society and the introduction of public policy forms a new paradigm. The synthesis methodology of the modified neural network is aimed at strengthening the control system, the studies are conducted on the basis of an artificial neural network. Analysis and prediction of the synthesis of a modified neural network using methods helps to determine how these processes proceed, recognizing images, interdependencies, relationships and classifying them through approximation of functions. The totality of these methods can perform the functions of forecasting, optimization of management processes.

A technique was developed for synthesizing the optimal structure of an artificial neural network, based on the application of two algorithms. A modified algorithm of units of singularities is proposed that accommodates a set of units and helps to find the optimal singularity. This method of units of singularities is able to create singleton interdependencies, which allows us to separate the areas of singularities, to find in them the centers of each interconnection and interdependence, to calculate the matrices to reduce the distance and to reduce the center to one point. Comparing this method with the method of back propagation of the error, the proposed method has its advantages, which are expressed in the fact that the selection of weights is carried out

regardless of the form and the number of local extrema. This position makes it possible, when setting up the weights of neural networks and its structure, to find a lot of optimal options that are provided during research, and also to overcome complex system transformations in the process of making managerial technical decisions.

Keywords: administrative technical solutions, neural networks, synthesis of a modified neural network.

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$$NET = \sum_i^k W_i X_i, \tag{1}$$

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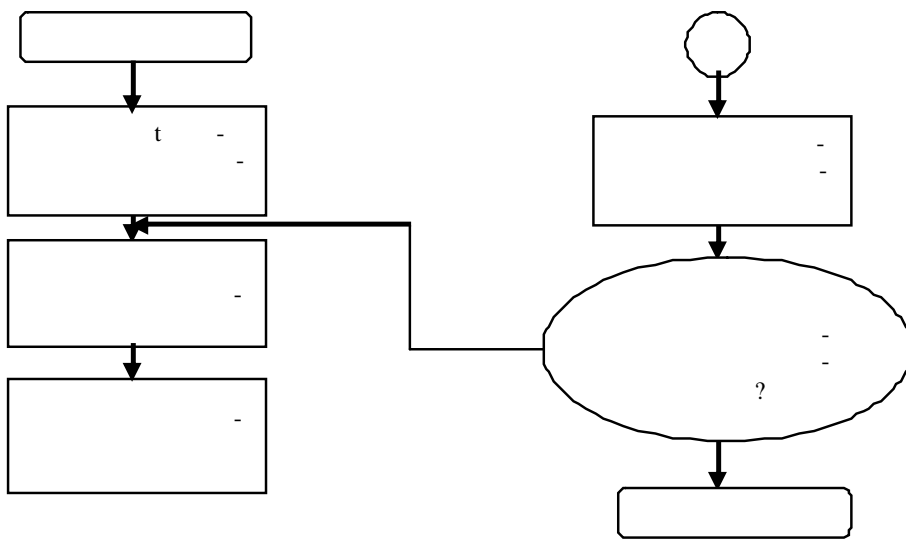
OUT1. « » [4]. «

$$V = \sum_{j=1}^t \sum_{b_i \in S_j} (b_i - \mu_j(b_i))^2, \quad (6)$$

S_j — ; $\mu_j(b_i)$ — $b_i \in S_j$.

(Branin's rcos function) [11, 12]:

$$Q(a_1, a_2) = (a_2 - \frac{5,1}{4\pi^2} a_1^2 + \frac{5}{\pi} a_1 - 6)^2 + 10 \times (1 - \frac{1}{8\pi}) \times \cos(a_1) + 10. \quad (7)$$



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$Q(a_1, a_2)$.

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	(a_1, a_2)	$Q(a_1, a_2)$		$Q(a_1, a_2)$
1	(8,94; 2,35)	1,55	(9,42; 2,47)	0,39
2	(3,36; 1,65)	0,84	(3,1; 2,2)	
3	(-3,11; 12,21)	0,40	(-3,1; 12,2)	
4	(15,84; 13,39)	0,52	(15,7; 12,9)	

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